



# Standard Specification for Alloy-Steel and Stainless Steel Bolting for Low-Temperature Service<sup>1</sup>

This standard is issued under the fixed designation A320/A320M; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon ( $\epsilon$ ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

*This standard has been approved for use by agencies of the U.S. Department of Defense.*

## 1. Scope\*

1.1 This specification<sup>2</sup> covers alloy steel bolting materials and bolting components for pressure vessels, valves, flanges, and fittings for low-temperature service. See Specification [A962/A962M](#) for the definition of bolting. The bars shall be hot-wrought and may be further processed by centerless grinding or by cold drawing. Austenitic stainless steel may be solution annealed or annealed and strain-hardened. When strain hardened austenitic stainless steel is ordered, the purchaser should take special care to ensure that [Appendix X1](#) is thoroughly understood.

1.2 Several grades are covered, including both ferritic and austenitic steels designated L7, B8, etc. Selection will depend on design, service conditions, mechanical properties, and low-temperature characteristics. The mechanical requirements of [Table 1](#) indicate the diameters for which the minimum mechanical properties apply to the various grades and classes, and [Table 2](#) stipulates the requirements for Charpy impact energy absorption. The manufacturer should determine that the material can conform to these requirements before parts are manufactured. For example, when Grade L43 is specified to meet the [Table 2](#) impact energy values at  $-150\text{ }^{\circ}\text{F}$  [ $-101\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ ], additional restrictions (such as procuring a steel with lower P and S contents than might normally be supplied) in the chemical composition for AISI 4340 are likely to be required.

NOTE 1—The committee formulating this specification has included several grades of material that have been rather extensively used for the present purpose. Other compositions will be considered for inclusion by the committee from time to time as the need becomes apparent. Users should note that hardenability of some of the grades mentioned may restrict the maximum size at which the required mechanical properties are obtainable.

<sup>1</sup> This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee A01 on Steel, Stainless Steel and Related Alloys and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee A01.22 on Steel Forgings and Wrought Fittings for Piping Applications and Bolting Materials for Piping and Special Purpose Applications.

Current edition approved Nov. 1, 2015. Published November 2015. Originally approved in 1948. Last previous edition approved in 2015 as A320/A320M–15. DOI: 10.1520/A0320\_A0320M-15A.

<sup>2</sup> For ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code applications, see related Specification SA-320 in Section II of that Code.

1.3 The following referenced general requirements are indispensable for application of this specification: Specification [A962/A962M](#).

1.4 Nuts for use with bolting are covered in Section 10 and the nut material shall be impact tested.

1.5 Supplementary Requirements are provided for use at the option of the purchaser. The supplementary requirements shall apply only when specified in the purchase order or contract.

1.6 This specification is expressed in both inch-pound units and SI units; however, unless the purchase order or contract specifies the applicable *M* specification designation (SI) units, the inch-pound units shall apply.

1.7 The values stated in either SI units or inch-pound units are to be regarded separately as standard. The values stated in each system may not be exact equivalents; therefore, each system shall be used independently of the other. Combining values from the two systems may result in non-conformance with the standard.

## 2. Referenced Documents

### 2.1 ASTM Standards:<sup>3</sup>

[A194/A194M Specification for Carbon Steel, Alloy Steel, and Stainless Steel Nuts for Bolts for High Pressure or High Temperature Service, or Both](#)

[A370 Test Methods and Definitions for Mechanical Testing of Steel Products](#)

[A962/A962M Specification for Common Requirements for Bolting Intended for Use at Any Temperature from Cryogenic to the Creep Range](#)

[E566 Practice for Electromagnetic \(Eddy Current\) Sorting of Ferrous Metals](#)

[F436 Specification for Hardened Steel Washers](#)

[F606 Test Methods for Determining the Mechanical Properties of Externally and Internally Threaded Fasteners, Washers, and Rivets \(Metric\) F0606\\_F0606M](#)

<sup>3</sup> For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, [www.astm.org](http://www.astm.org), or contact ASTM Customer Service at [service@astm.org](mailto:service@astm.org). For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

\*A Summary of Changes section appears at the end of this standard

## 2.2 ASME Standards:<sup>4</sup>

### B1.1 Screw Threads

### B18.22.1 Plain Washers

## 3. Ordering Information

3.1 It is the purchaser's responsibility to specify in the purchase order all information necessary to purchase the needed materials. Examples of such information include, but are not limited to, the following:

3.1.1 Quantity and size,

3.1.2 Heat-treated condition, that is, for the austenitic stainless steels, solution-treated (Class 1); solution-treated after finishing (Class 1A); and annealed and strain-hardened (Class 2),

3.1.3 Description of items required (bars, bolts, screws, or studs),

3.1.4 Nuts and washers, if required by the purchaser, in accordance with Section 10, and

3.1.5 Special requirements, in accordance with 5.1.1, 5.1.3, 5.1.4, and 13.1.

## 4. Common Requirements

4.1 Bolting materials and bolting components supplied to this specification shall conform to the requirements of Specification A962/A962M. These requirements include test methods, finish, thread dimensions, macroetch (carbon and alloy steels only) marking, certification, optional supplementary requirements, and others. Failure to comply with the requirements of Specification A962/A962M constitutes non-conformance with this specification. In case of conflict between the requirements in this specification and Specification A962/A962M, this specification shall prevail.

## 5. Materials and Manufacture

### 5.1 Heat Treatment:

5.1.1 Bolting materials shall be allowed to cool to room temperature after rolling or forging. Grades L7, L7A, L7B, L7C, L7M, L43, L1, L70, L71, L72, and L73 shall be reheated to above the upper critical temperature and liquid quenched and tempered. Grades B8, B8C, B8M, B8T, B8F, B8P, B8LN, and B8MLN shall receive a carbide solution treatment. Products made from such material are described as Class 1. This shall consist of holding the bolting material for a sufficient time at a temperature at which the chromium carbide will go into solution and then cooling in air or in a liquid medium at a rate sufficient to prevent reprecipitation of the carbide. Bolting material thus treated is described as Class 1. If specified in the purchase order, bolting material shall be solution treated in the finished condition and shall be described as Class 1A.

5.1.2 Use of water quenching is prohibited for any ferritic grade when heat treatment is performed after heading or threading.

5.1.3 When increased mechanical properties are desired, austenitic bolting shall be solution annealed and strain hardened if specified in the purchase order; material so treated is identified as Class 2.

5.1.4 If scale-free bright finish is required, this shall be specified in the purchase order.

5.1.5 For L7M bolting, the final heat treatment, which may be the tempering or stress-relieving operation conducted at 1150 °F [620 °C] minimum, shall be done after machining or rolling of the threads and any type of cutting.

## 6. Mechanical Requirements

### 6.1 Tensile Properties:

6.1.1 Bolting material as represented by the tension specimens shall conform to the requirements as to tensile properties prescribed in Table 1 at room temperature after heat treatment (see 5.1.1). Alternatively, Class 2 Strain Hardened Headed Bolting Components shall be tested full size after strain hardening to determine tensile strength and yield strength and shall conform to the requirements prescribed in Table 1. Should the results of full size tests conflict with results of tension specimen tests, full size test results shall prevail.

### 6.1.2 Number of Tests:

6.1.2.1 For heat-treated bars, one tension test and one impact test consisting of three specimens shall be made for each diameter of each heat represented in each tempering charge. When heat treated without interruption in continuous furnaces, the material in a lot shall be the same heat, same prior condition, same size, and subjected to the same heat treatment. Not fewer than two tensile tests and two impact tests are required for each lot containing 20 000 lbs [9000 kg] or less. Every additional 10 000 lbs [4500 kg] or fraction thereof requires an additional tensile test and impact test.

6.1.2.2 For studs, bolts, screws, etc., one tension test and one set of three impact specimens shall be made for each diameter of each heat involved in the lot. Each lot shall consist of the following:

| Diameter, in. [mm]               | Lot Size, lb [kg]                  |
|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| 1½ [30] and under                | 1500 [680] or fraction thereof     |
| Over 1½ [30] to 1¾ [45],<br>incl | 4500 [2040] or fraction<br>thereof |
| Over 1¾ [45] to 2½ [65],<br>incl | 6000 [2700] or fraction<br>thereof |
| Over 2½ [65]                     | 100 pieces or fraction thereof     |

6.1.2.3 Full Size Specimens, Headed Bolting Components—Headed bolts, studs, or screws 1 ½ in. in body diameter and smaller, with body length three times the diameter or longer, and which are produced by upsetting or forging (hot or cold) shall be subjected to full size testing in accordance with 6.1.3. This testing shall be in addition to tensile testing as specified in 6.1.1. The lot size shall be shown in 6.1.2.2. Failure shall occur in the body or threaded sections with no failure, or indications of failure, such as cracks, at the junction of the head and shank.

6.1.3 Full Size Bolting Components, Wedge Tensile Testing—When applicable, see 6.1.2.3. Headed bolts, studs, or screws shall be wedge tested full size in accordance with Annex A3 of Test Methods and Definitions A370 and shall

<sup>4</sup> Available from American Society of Mechanical Engineers (ASME), ASME International Headquarters, Two Park Ave., New York, NY 10016-5990, <http://www.asme.org>.



TABLE 1 Mechanical Requirements

| Class and Grade, Diameter, in. [mm]                                       | Heat Treatment                                     | Minimum Tempering Temperature °F [°C] | Tensile Strength, min, ksi [MPa] | Yield Strength, min, ksi [MPa] (0.2 % offset) | Elongation in 2 in. or 50 mm min, % | Reduction of Area, min, % | Hardness max                   |
|---|--|---------------------------------------|----------------------------------|---|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Ferritic Steels   |  |                                       |                                  |   |                                     |                           |                                |
| L7, L7A, L7B, L7C, L70, L71, L72, L73                                     |  |                                       | 125<br>[860]                     | 105<br>[725]                                  | 16                                  | 50                        | 321 HBW or 35 HRC              |
| 2½ [65] and under <sup>A</sup>  | quenched and tempered                              | 1100<br>[593]                         |                                  |   |                                     |                           |                                |
| L43   |  |                                       | 125<br>[860]                     | 105<br>[725]                                  | 16                                  | 50                        | 321 HBW or 35 HRC              |
| 4 [100] and under <sup>A</sup>  | quenched and tempered                              | 1100<br>[593]                         |                                  |   |                                     |                           |                                |
| L7M   |  |                                       | 100<br>[690]                     | 80<br>[550]                                   | 18                                  | 50                        | 235 HBW <sup>B</sup> or 99 HRB |
| 2½ [65] and under <sup>A</sup>  | quenched and tempered                              | 1150<br>[620]                         |                                  |   |                                     |                           |                                |
| L1  |  |                                       | 125<br>[860]                     | 105<br>[725]                                  | 16                                  | 50                        | ...                            |
| Austenitic Steels <sup>C</sup>  |  |                                       |                                  |   |                                     |                           |                                |
| Class 1: B8, B8C, B8M, B8P, B8F, B8T, B8LN, B8MLN, all diameters          | carbide solution treated                           |                                       | 75<br>[515]                      | 30<br>[205]                                   | 30                                  | 50                        | 223 HBW <sup>D</sup> or 96 HRB |
| Class 1A: B8A, B8CA, B8MA, B8PA, B8FA, B8TA, B8LNA, B8MLNA, all diameters | carbide solution treated in the finished condition |                                       | 75<br>[515]                      | 30<br>[205]                                   | 30                                  | 50                        | 192 HBW or 90 HRB              |
| Class 2: B8, B8C, B8P, B8F, B8T: ¾ [20] and under                         | carbide solution treated and strain hardened       |                                       | 125<br>[860]                     | 100<br>[690]                                  | 12                                  | 35                        | 321 HBW or 35 HRC              |
| over ¾ to 1 [20 to 25], incl  |  |                                       | 115<br>[795]                     | 80<br>[550]                                   | 15                                  | 30                        | 321 HBW or 35 HRC              |
| over 1 to 1¼ [25 to 32], incl   |  |                                       | 105<br>[725]                     | 65<br>[450]                                   | 20                                  | 35                        | 321 HBW or 35 HRC              |
| over 1¼ to 1½ [32 to 40], incl <sup>A</sup>                               |  |                                       | 100<br>[690]                     | 50<br>[345]                                   | 28                                  | 45                        | 321 HBW or 35 HRC              |
| Class 2: B8M: ¾ [20] and under  | carbide solution treated and strain hardened       |                                       | 110<br>[760]                     | 95<br>[655]                                   | 15                                  | 45                        | 321 HBW or 35 HRC              |
| over ¾ to 1 [20 to 25], incl  |  |                                       | 100<br>[690]                     | 80<br>[550]                                   | 20                                  | 45                        | 321 HBW or 35 HRC              |
| over 1 to 1¼ [25 to 32], incl   |  |                                       | 95<br>[655]                      | 65<br>[450]                                   | 25                                  | 45                        | 321 HBW or 35 HRC              |
| over 1¼ to 1½ [32 to 40], incl <sup>A</sup>                               |  |                                       | 90<br>[620]                      | 50<br>[345]                                   | 30                                  | 45                        | 321 HBW or 35 HRC              |

<sup>A</sup> These upper diameter limits were established on the basis that these were the largest sizes commonly available that consistently met specification property limits. They are not intended as absolute limits beyond which bolting materials could no longer be certified to the specification.

<sup>B</sup> To meet the tensile requirements, the Brinell hardness shall not be less than 200 HBW or 93 HRB.

<sup>C</sup> Class 1 products are made from solution-treated material. Class 1A products are solution treated in the finished condition for corrosion resistance; heat treatment is critical for enhancing this physical property and meeting the mechanical property requirements. Class 2 products are made from solution-treated material that has been strain hardened. Austenitic steels in the strain-hardened condition may not show uniform properties throughout the cross section, particularly in sizes over ¾ in. [20 mm] in diameter.

<sup>D</sup> For sizes ¾ in. [20 mm] in diameter and smaller, a maximum hardness of 241 HBW (100 HRB) is permitted.

**TABLE 2 Impact Energy Absorption Requirements**

| Size of Specimen, mm              | Minimum Impact Value Required for Average of Each Set of Three Specimens, ft·lbf [J] | Minimum Impact Value Permitted for One Specimen Only of a Set, ft·lbf [J] |
|-----------------------------------|--|---|
| All Grades Except L1 <sup>A</sup> |  |   |
| 10 by 10                          | 20 [27]  | 15 [20]   |
| 10 by 7.5                         | 16 [22]  | 12 [16]   |
| Grade L1                          |  |   |
| 10 by 10                          | 40 [54]  | 30 [41]   |
| 10 by 7.5                         | 32 [44]  | 24 [32]   |

<sup>A</sup> See 6.2.1.1 for permitted exemptions.

conform to the tensile strength shown in **Table 1**. The minimum full size breaking strength (lbf) for individual sizes shall be as follows:

$$T_s = UTS \times A_s \quad (1)$$

where:

$T_s$  = Wedge tensile strength

UTS = Tensile strength specified in **Table 1**, and

$A_s$  = Stress area, square inches, as shown in ASME B1.1 or calculated as follows:

$$A_s = 0.785 (D - (0.974/n))^2 \quad (2)$$

where:

D = Nominal thread size, and

n = The number of threads per inch.

## 6.2 Impact Properties:

### 6.2.1 Requirements:

6.2.1.1 Impact tests are required for the grades shown in **Table 3**. Class 1, 1A, and 2 austenitic steels for temperatures above -325 °F [-200 °C]; Class 1 and 1A austenitic Grades B8, B8A, B8P, B8PA, B8C, B8CA, B8LN, and B8LNA above -425 °F [-255 °C]; and ferritic or austenitic bolting ½ in. (12.5 mm) and smaller, are exempt from impact testing, unless Supplementary Requirement S1 is specified in the purchase order (see **1.4**). All other material furnished under this specification shall be tested. Material of Grades L7, L7A, L7B, L7C, L7M, L43, L70, L71, L72, and L73 shall show a minimum impact energy absorption of 20 ft · lbf [27 J] and of Grade L1 a minimum impact energy absorption of 40 ft · lbf [54 J] at the test temperature when tested by the procedure specified in the applicable portions of Sections 19 to 28 of Test Methods and Definitions **A370**. The temperature of the coolant used for chilling the test specimens shall be controlled within ±3 °F [1.5 °C]. Test temperatures for ferritic grades are listed in **Table 4**. Exceptions to this requirement are permissible, and the impact tests may be made at specified temperatures different than those shown in **Table 4**, provided the test temperature is at least as low as the intended service temperature and the bolting is suitably marked to identify the reported test temperature. When impact testing is required for austenitic grades, test criteria shall be agreed upon between the supplier and purchaser.

6.2.1.2 The impact test requirements for standard and sub-size Charpy test specimens are prescribed in **Table 2**.

### 6.2.2 Number of Tests:

6.2.2.1 The test requirements for heat-treated bars are given in **6.1.2.1**.

6.2.2.2 For test requirements on studs, bolts, screws, etc., see **6.1.2.2**.

6.2.2.3 Impact tests are not required to be made on heat-treated bars, bolts, screws, studs, and stud bolts ½ in. [12.5 mm] and under in diameter.

6.2.3 *Test Specimens*—For sections 1 in. [25 mm] or less in diameter, test specimens shall be taken at the axis; for sections over 1 in. [25 mm] in diameter, midway between the axis and the surface.

## 6.3 Hardness Requirements:

6.3.1 The hardness shall conform to the requirements prescribed in **Table 1**. Hardness testing shall be performed in accordance with either Specification **A962/A962M** or with Test Methods **F606**.

6.3.2 The maximum hardness of Grade L7M shall be 235 HBW or 99 HRB (conversion in accordance with Table Number 2B of Test Methods and Definitions **A370**). Minimum hardness shall not be less than 200 HBW or 93 HRB. Conformance to this hardness shall be ensured by testing each bolt or stud by Brinell or Rockwell B methods in accordance with **6.3.1**.

6.3.2.1 The use of 100 % electromagnetic testing for hardness as an alternative to 100 % indentation hardness testing is permissible when qualified by sampling using indentation hardness testing. Each lot tested for hardness electromagnetically shall be 100 % examined in accordance with Practice **E566**. Following electromagnetic testing for hardness, a random sample of a minimum of 100 pieces in each purchase lot (as defined in **6.1.2.2**) shall be tested by indentation hardness methods. All samples must meet hardness requirements to permit acceptance of the lot. If any one sample is outside of the specified maximum or minimum hardness, the lot shall be rejected and either reprocessed and resampled, or tested 100 % by indentation hardness methods.

6.3.2.2 In the event a controversy exists relative to minimum strength, tension tests shall prevail over hardness readings. Products which have been tested and found acceptable shall have a line under the grade symbol.

## 7. Chemical Composition

7.1 Each alloy shall conform to the chemical composition requirements prescribed in **Table 3**.

## 8. Workmanship, Finish, and Appearance

8.1 Bolts, screws, studs, and stud bolts shall be pointed and shall have a workmanlike finish.

## 9. Retests

9.1 If the results of the mechanical tests of any test lot do not conform to the requirements specified, the manufacturer may retreat such lot not more than twice, in which case two

**TABLE 3 Chemical Requirements (Composition, %)<sup>A</sup>**

| Type . . . . .         | Ferritic Steels                  |                                       |                               |                                       |                                 |                                       |  |                                       |  |                                       |                  |                                       |
|------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Grade Symbol . . . . . | L7, L7M, L70                     |                                       | L7A, L71                      |                                       | L7B, L72                        |                                       | L7C, L73                               |                                       | L43                                    |                                       | L1               |                                       |
| Description . . .      | Chromium-Molybdenum <sup>B</sup> |                                       | Carbon-Molybdenum (AISI 4037) |                                       | Chromium-Molybdenum (AISI 4137) |                                       | Nickel-Chromium-Molybdenum (AISI 8740) |                                       | Nickel-Chromium-Molybdenum (AISI 4340) |                                       | Low-Carbon Boron |                                       |
|                        | Range, %                         | Product Variation, %<br>Over or Under | Range, %                      | Product Variation, %<br>Over or Under | Range, %                        | Product Variation, %<br>Over or Under | Range, %                               | Product Variation, %<br>Over or Under | Range, %                               | Product Variation, %<br>Over or Under | Range, %         | Product Variation, %<br>Over or Under |
| Carbon                 | 0.38–0.48 <sup>C</sup>           | 0.02                                  | 0.35–0.40                     | 0.02                                  | 0.35–0.40                       | 0.02                                  | 0.38–0.43                              | 0.02                                  | 0.38–0.43                              | 0.02                                  | 0.17–0.24        | 0.01                                  |
| Manganese              | 0.75–1.00                        | 0.04                                  | 0.70–0.90                     | 0.03                                  | 0.70–0.90                       | 0.03                                  | 0.75–1.00                              | 0.04                                  | 0.60–0.85                              | 0.03                                  | 0.70–1.40        | 0.04                                  |
| Phosphorus max         | 0.035                            | 0.005 over                            | 0.035                         | 0.005 over                            | 0.035                           | 0.005 over                            | 0.035                                  | 0.005 over                            | 0.035                                  | 0.005 over                            | 0.035            | 0.005 over                            |
| Sulfur, max            | 0.040                            | 0.005 over                            | 0.040                         | 0.005 over                            | 0.040                           | 0.005 over                            | 0.040                                  | 0.005 over                            | 0.040                                  | 0.005 over                            | 0.050            | 0.005 over                            |
| Silicon                | 0.15–0.35                        | 0.02                                  | 0.15–0.35                     | 0.02                                  | 0.15–0.35                       | 0.02                                  | 0.15–0.35                              | 0.02                                  | 0.15–0.35                              | 0.02                                  | 0.15–0.30        | 0.02                                  |
| Nickel                 | ...                              | ...                                   | ...                           | ...                                   | ...                             | ...                                   | 0.40–0.70                              | 0.03                                  | 1.65–2.00                              | 0.05                                  | ...              | ...                                   |
| Chromium               | 0.80–1.10                        | 0.05                                  | ...                           | ...                                   | 0.80–1.10                       | 0.05                                  | 0.40–0.60                              | 0.03                                  | 0.70–0.90                              | 0.03                                  | ...              | ...                                   |
| Molybdenum             | 0.15–0.25                        | 0.02                                  | 0.20–0.30                     | 0.02                                  | 0.15–0.25                       | 0.02                                  | 0.20–0.30                              | 0.02                                  | 0.20–0.30                              | 0.02                                  | ...              | ...                                   |
| Boron                  | ...                              | ...                                   | ...                           | ...                                   | ...                             | ...                                   | ...                                    | ...                                   | ...                                    | ...                                   | 0.001–0.003      | ...                                   |

  

| Type . . . . .            | Austenitic Steels, Classes 1, 1A, and 2 <sup>D</sup> |  |                                       |  |                                     |  |                                       |  |                                     |  |                                       |  |
|---------------------------|--|--|---------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|--|
| Grade Symbol . . . . .    | B8, B8A  |  |                                       |  |                                     |  | B8C, B8CA                             |  |                                     |  |                                       |  |
| UNS Designation . . . . . | S 30400(304)   |  |                                       |  |                                     |  | S 34700(347)                          |  |                                     |  |                                       |  |
|                           | Range, %   |  | Product Variation, %<br>Over or Under |  | Range, %                            |  | Product Variation, %<br>Over or Under |  | Range, %                            |  | Product Variation, %<br>Over or Under |  |
| Carbon, max               | 0.08   |  | 0.01 over                             |  | 0.08                                |  | 0.01 over                             |  | 0.08                                |  | 0.01 over                             |  |
| Manganese, max            | 2.00   |  | 0.04 over                             |  | 2.00                                |  | 0.04 over                             |  | 2.00                                |  | 0.04 over                             |  |
| Phosphorus, max           | 0.045  |  | 0.010 over                            |  | 0.045                               |  | 0.010 over                            |  | 0.045                               |  | 0.010 over                            |  |
| Sulfur, max               | 0.030  |  | 0.005 over                            |  | 0.030                               |  | 0.005 over                            |  | 0.030                               |  | 0.005 over                            |  |
| Silicon, max              | 1.00   |  | 0.05 over                             |  | 1.00                                |  | 0.05 over                             |  | 1.00                                |  | 0.05 over                             |  |
| Nickel                    | 8.0–11.0   |  | 0.15                                  |  | 9.0–12.0                            |  | 0.15                                  |  | 9.0–12.0                            |  | 0.15                                  |  |
| Chromium                  | 18.0–20.0  |  | 0.20                                  |  | 17.0–19.0                           |  | 0.20                                  |  | 17.0–19.0                           |  | 0.20                                  |  |
| Columbium + Tantalum      | ...  |  | ...                                   |  | 10 × carbon content, min. –1.10 max |  | 0.05 under                            |  | 10 × carbon content, min. –1.10 max |  | 0.05 under                            |  |

  

| Type . . . . .            | Austenitic Steels, Classes 1, 1A, and 2 <sup>D</sup> |                                       |            |                                       |           |                                       |              |                                       |            |                                       |            |                                       |
|---------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|------------|---------------------------------------|-----------|---------------------------------------|--------------|---------------------------------------|------------|---------------------------------------|------------|---------------------------------------|
| Grade Symbol . . . . .    | B8T, B8TA  |                                       |            | B8P, B8PA                             |           |                                       | B8F, B8FA    |                                       |            | B8M, B8MA                             |            |                                       |
| UNS Designation . . . . . | S 32100(321)   |                                       |            | S 30500                               |           |                                       | S 30300(303) |                                       |            | S 30323(303Se)                        |            |                                       |
|                           | Range, %   | Product Variation, %<br>Over or Under | Range, %   | Product Variation, %<br>Over or Under | Range, %  | Product Variation, %<br>Over or Under | Range, %     | Product Variation, %<br>Over or Under | Range, %   | Product Variation, %<br>Over or Under | Range, %   | Product Variation, %<br>Over or Under |
| Carbon, max               | 0.08   | 0.01 over                             | 0.12       | 0.01 over                             | 0.15      | 0.01 over                             | 0.15         | 0.01 over                             | 0.08       | 0.01 over                             | 0.08       | 0.01 over                             |
| Manganese, max            | 2.00   | 0.04 over                             | 2.00       | 0.04 over                             | 2.00      | 0.04 over                             | 2.00         | 0.04 over                             | 2.00       | 0.04 over                             | 2.00       | 0.04 over                             |
| Phosphorus, max           | 0.045  | 0.010 over                            | 0.045      | 0.010 over                            | 0.20      | 0.010 over                            | 0.20         | 0.010 over                            | 0.045      | 0.010 over                            | 0.045      | 0.010 over                            |
| Sulfur, max               | 0.030, max   | 0.005 over                            | 0.030, max | 0.005 over                            | 0.15, min | 0.020                                 | 0.06, max    | 0.010 over                            | 0.030, max | 0.005 over                            | 0.030, max | 0.005 over                            |
| Silicon, max              | 1.00   | 0.05 over                             | 1.00       | 0.05 over                             | 1.00      | 0.05 over                             | 1.00         | 0.05 over                             | 1.00       | 0.05 over                             | 1.00       | 0.05 over                             |
| Nickel                    | 9.0–12.0   | 0.15                                  | 11–13.0    | 0.15                                  | 8.0–10.0  | 0.10                                  | 8.0–10.0     | 0.10                                  | 10.0–14.0  | 0.10                                  | 10.0–14.0  | 0.15                                  |
| Chromium                  | 17.0–19.0  | 0.20                                  | 17.0–19.0  | 0.20                                  | 17.0–19.0 | 0.20                                  | 17.0–19.0    | 0.20                                  | 16.0–18.0  | 0.20                                  | 16.0–18.0  | 0.20                                  |
| Molybdenum                | ...  | ...                                   | ...        | ...                                   | ...       | ...                                   | ...          | ...                                   | 2.00–3.00  | ...                                   | 2.00–3.00  | 0.10                                  |
| Selenium                  | ...  | ...                                   | ...        | ...                                   | ...       | ...                                   | 0.15–0.35    | 0.03 under                            | ...        | ...                                   | ...        | ...                                   |
| Titanium                  | 5 × (C+N) min –0.7 max                               | 0.05 under                            | ...        | ...                                   | ...       | ...                                   | ...          | ...                                   | ...        | ...                                   | ...        | ...                                   |
| Nitrogen                  | 0.10, max  | 0.01                                  | ...        | ...                                   | ...       | ...                                   | ...          | ...                                   | ...        | ...                                   | ...        | ...                                   |

  

| Type . . . . .            | Austenitic Steels, Classes 1 and 1A |  |                                       |  |          |  |                                       |  |          |  |                                       |  |
|---------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|--|----------|--|---------------------------------------|--|----------|--|---------------------------------------|--|
| Grade Symbol . . . . .    | B8LN, B8LNA                         |  |                                       |  |          |  | B8MLN, B8MLNA                         |  |          |  |                                       |  |
| UNS Designation . . . . . | S 30453                             |  |                                       |  |          |  | S 31653                               |  |          |  |                                       |  |
|                           | Range, %                            |  | Product Variation, %<br>Over or Under |  | Range, % |  | Product Variation, %<br>Over or Under |  | Range, % |  | Product Variation, %<br>Over or Under |  |
| Carbon, max               | 0.030                               |  | 0.005 over                            |  | 0.030    |  | 0.005 over                            |  | 0.030    |  | 0.005 over                            |  |
| Manganese, max            | 2.00                                |  | 0.04 over                             |  | 2.00     |  | 0.04 over                             |  | 2.00     |  | 0.04 over                             |  |



**TABLE 3** *Continued*

|                 |           |            |           |            |
|-----------------|-----------|------------|-----------|------------|
| Phosphorus, max | 0.045     | 0.010 over | 0.045     | 0.010 over |
| Sulfur, max     | 0.030     | 0.005 over | 0.030     | 0.005 over |
| Silicon, max    | 1.00      | 0.05 over  | 1.00      | 0.05 over  |
| Nickel          | 8.0–11    | 0.15       | 10.0–13.0 | 0.15       |
| Chromium        | 18.0–20.0 | 0.20       | 16.0–18.0 | 0.20       |
| Molybdenum      | ...       | ...        | 2.00–3.00 | 0.10       |
| Nitrogen        | 0.10–0.16 | 0.01       | 0.10–0.16 | 0.01       |

<sup>A</sup> The intentional addition of Bi, Se, Te, and Pb is not permitted except for Grade B8F, in which selenium is specified and required.

<sup>B</sup> Typical steel compositions used for this grade include 4140, 4142, 4145, 4140H, 4142H, and 4145H.

<sup>C</sup> For the L7M grade, a minimum carbon content of 0.28 % is permitted provided that the required tensile properties are met in the section sizes involved; the use of AISI 4130 or 4130H is allowed.

<sup>D</sup> Class 1 are made from solution-treated material. Class 1A products (B8A, B8CA, B8MA, B8PA, B8FA, and B8TA) are solution-treated in the finished condition. Class 2 products are solution-treated and strain-hardened.

**TABLE 4 Recommended Test Temperature for Stock Parts**

| Grade                   | Test Temperature |      |
|-------------------------|------------------|------|
|                         | °F               | °C   |
| L7M, L70, L71, L72, L73 | –100             | –73  |
| L7, L7A, L7B, L7C       | –150             | –101 |
| L43                     | –150             | –101 |
| L1                      | –100             | –73  |

additional tension tests and one additional impact test consisting of three specimens shall be made from such lot, all of which shall conform to the requirements specified.

## 10. Nuts and Washers

10.1 Bolts, studs, and stud bolts of Grades L7, L7A, L7B, L7C, L43, L1, L70, L71, L72, and L73 shall be equipped with ferritic alloy nuts conforming to Grade 4 or Grade 7 of Specification [A194/A194M](#) or a grade of steel similar to the studs. Grade 7M nuts at a hardness not exceeding 235 HBW (or equivalent) shall be used with Grade L7M bolts, studs, and stud bolts. All nut materials, including those which may be supplied under Specification [A194/A194M](#), shall be subject to the impact requirements of this specification in the following manner: impact tests shall be made on test specimens taken from the nuts or nut blanks or the bar from the heat of steel used for manufacturing the nuts, and heat treated with the nut blanks.

10.2 Bolts, studs, and stud bolts of Grades B8, B8C, B8T, B8P, B8F, B8M, B8LN, and B8MLN shall be equipped with austenitic alloy nuts conforming to Grades 8, 8C, 8T, 8F, 8M, 8LN, and 8MLN for Specification [A194/A194M](#). Impact tests are not required for Grades 8F, 8M, 8T, and 8MLN for temperatures above –325 °F [–200 °C] and for Grades 8, 8P, 8C, and 8LN above –425 °F [–255 °C].

10.3 If the purchaser requires nuts with a Charpy impact energy absorption of not less than 20 ft · lbf [27 J] at temperatures below –150 °F [–100 °C], he may require that the nuts conform to Grades 8, 8C, 8M, 8P, 8T, 8F, 8LN, or 8MLN of Specification [A194/A194M](#).

10.4 Washers for use with ferritic steel bolting shall conform to Specification [F436](#).

10.5 Washers for use with austenitic steel bolting shall be made of austenitic steel as agreed upon between the manufacturer and purchaser.

10.6 Washer dimensions shall be in accordance with requirements of ASME B18.22.1, unless otherwise specified in the purchase order.

## 11. Threads

11.1 Where practical, all threads shall be formed after heat treatment. Class 1A, Grades B8A, B8CA, B8MA, B8PA, B8FA, B8TA, B8LNA, and B8MLNA are to be solution-treated in the finished condition.

## 12. Certification

12.1 Certification is required. See Specification [A962/A962M](#).

## 13. Product Marking

13.1 In addition to the requirements of Specification [A962/A962M](#), the grade symbol marked shall be as shown in [Table 3](#). In the case of Class 2, Grades B8, B8C, B8M, B8P, B8F, and B8T strain hardened as provided in [Table 1](#), a line shall be stamped under the grade symbol in order to distinguish it from Class 1 and Class 1A bolting which has not been strain hardened. In the case of Class 1A, the marking B8A, B8CA, B8MA, B8PA, B8FA, B8TA, B8LNA, and B8MLNA identifies the material as being in the solution-treated condition in the finished state. Grade L7M no longer requires a line under the grade symbol. However, a line is permitted.

13.2 Nuts from materials that have been impact tested shall be marked with the letter “L.”

## 14. Keywords

14.1 additional elements; austenitic stainless steel; bolts—steel; chromium-molybdenum steel; bolting components—steel; markings on fittings; nickel-chromium-molybdenum alloy steel; pressure vessel service; stainless steel bolting; starting material; steel bars—alloy; steel bolting; steel flanges; steel valves; temperature service applications—low

**SUPPLEMENTARY REQUIREMENTS**

The following supplementary requirements shall apply only when specified by the purchaser in the inquiry, contract, and order.

**S1. Impact Properties**

S1.1 When impact properties are desired for austenitic steel grades exempt from testing under 6.2.1, test shall be made as agreed between the manufacturer and the purchaser.

**S2. Lateral Expansion**

S2.1 When lateral expansion measurements for ferritic steels are required in addition to the energy absorption requirements of 6.2.1.1, the minimum value for each specimen of a set must be .015 in. [0.38 mm]. The test temperature shall be specified by the purchaser and agreed upon by the producer.

NOTE S2.1—Grades L7, L7A, L7B will generally have difficulty meeting the minimum value at -150 °F [-101 °C]. Grade L43 may be preferred.

**S3. Hardness Testing of Class 2 Bolting Components for ASME Applications**

S3.1 The maximum hardness shall be Rockwell C35 immediately under the thread roots. The hardness shall be taken on a flat area at least 1/8 in. [3 mm] across, prepared by removing threads. No more material than necessary shall be removed to prepare the flat area. Hardness determinations shall be made at the same frequency as tensile tests.

**S4. Restriction to Use Only Ingot Cast Steel**

S4.1 The starting material must be ingot cast. Use of continuous cast material is not permitted.

**APPENDIX****(Nonmandatory Information)****X1. STRAIN HARDENING OF AUSTENITIC STEELS**

X1.1 Strain hardening is the increase in strength and hardness that results from plastic deformation below the recrystallization temperature (cold work). This effect is produced in austenitic stainless steels by reducing oversized bars or wire to the desired final size by cold drawing or other process. The degree of strain hardening achievable in any alloy is limited by its strain hardening characteristics. In addition, the amount of strain hardening that can be produced is further limited by the variables of the process, such as the total amount of cross-section reduction, die angle, and bar size. In large diameter bars, for example, plastic deformation will occur principally in the outer regions of the bar, so that the increased strength and hardness due to strain hardening is achieved predominantly near the surface of the bar. That is, the smaller the bar, the

greater the penetration of strain hardening.

X1.2 Thus, the mechanical properties of a given strain hardened bolting components, such as a bolt, screw, or stud, are dependent not just on the alloy, but also on the size of bar from which it is machined. The minimum bar size that can be used, however, is established by the configuration of the component, so that the configuration can affect the strength of the component.

X1.3 For example, a stud of a particular alloy and size may be machined from a smaller diameter bar than a bolt of the same alloy and size because a larger diameter bar is required to accommodate the head of the bolt. The stud, therefore, is likely to be stronger than the same size bolt in a given alloy.

**SUMMARY OF CHANGES**

Committee A01 has identified the location of selected changes to this specification since the last issue, A320/A320M-15, that may impact the use of this specification. (Approved November 1, 2015)

(1) Changed the words “fastener” or “fasteners” to “bolting components” to be in accord with the definition of bolting in Specification A962/A962M in 1.1, 4.1, 5.1.1, 6.1.1, 6.1.2.1, 6.1.2.2, 6.1.2.3, 14, and X1.2.

Committee A01 has identified the location of selected changes to this specification since the last issue, A320/A320M-14, that may impact the use of this specification. (Approved May 1, 2015)

(1) Removed 4.2.

(2) Added 5.1.2 and renumbered the paragraphs that follow.

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