

Standard Specification for Wrought Austenitic Stainless Steel Piping Fittings¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation A403/A403M; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ε) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

This standard has been approved for use by agencies of the U.S. Department of Defense.

1. Scope*

1.1 This specification covers wrought stainless steel fittings for pressure piping applications.²

1.2 Several grades of austenitic stainless steel alloys are included in this specification Grades are designated with a prefix, WP or CR, based on the applicable ASME or MSS dimensional and rating standards, respectively.

1.3 For each of the WP stainless grades, several classes of fittings are covered, to indicate whether seamless or welded construction was utilized. Class designations are also utilized to indicate the nondestructive test method and extent of nondestructive examination (NDE). Table 1 is a general summary of the fitting classes applicable to all WP grades of stainless steel covered by this specification. There are no classes for the CR grades. Specific requirements are covered elsewhere.

1.4 This specification is expressed in both inch-pound units and in SI units. However, unless the order specifies the applicable "M" specification designation (SI units), the material shall be furnished to inch-pound units.

1.5 The values stated in either SI units or inch-pound units are to be regarded separately as standard. Within the text, the SI units are shown in brackets. The values stated in each system may not be exact equivalents; therefore, each system shall be used independently of the other. Combining values from the two systems may result in non-conformance with the standard.

1.6 This specification does not apply to cast steel fittings. Austenitic stainless steel castings are covered in Specifications A351/A351M, A743/A743M, and A744/A744M.

2. Referenced Documents

- 2.1 ASTM Standards:³
- A351/A351M Specification for Castings, Austenitic, for Pressure-Containing Parts
- A743/A743M Specification for Castings, Iron-Chromium, Iron-Chromium-Nickel, Corrosion Resistant, for General Application
- A744/A744M Specification for Castings, Iron-Chromium-Nickel, Corrosion Resistant, for Severe Service
- A751 Test Methods, Practices, and Terminology for Chemical Analysis of Steel Products
- A960/A960M Specification for Common Requirements for Wrought Steel Piping Fittings
- E112 Test Methods for Determining Average Grain Size
- E165 Practice for Liquid Penetrant Examination for General Industry
- 2.2 ASME Standards: ⁴
- ASME B16.9 Factory-Made Wrought Steel Butt-Welding Fittings
- ASME B16.11 Forged Steel Fittings, Socket-Welding and Threaded
- 2.3 MSS Standards: ⁵
- MSS SP-25 Standard Marking System for Valves, Fittings, Flanges, and Unions
- MSS SP-43 Standard Practice for Light Weight Stainless Steel Butt-Welding Fittings
- MSS SP-79 Socket-Welding Reducer Inserts
- MSS SP-83 Steel Pipe Unions, Socket-Welding and Threaded
- MSS SP-95 Swage(d) Nipples and Bull Plugs
- MSS SP-97 Integrally Reinforced Forged Branch Outlet Fittings—Socket Welding, Threaded and Buttwelding Ends

¹ This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee A01 on Steel, Stainless Steel and Related Alloys and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee A01.22 on Steel Forgings and Wrought Fittings for Piping Applications and Bolting Materials for Piping and Special Purpose Applications.

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² For ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code applications see related Specification SA-403 in Section II of that Code.

³ For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

⁴ Available from American Society of Mechanical Engineers (ASME), ASME International Headquarters, Two Park Ave., New York, NY 10016-5990, http:// www.asme.org.

⁵ Available from Manufacturers Standardization Society of the Valve and Fittings Industry (MSS), 127 Park St., NE, Vienna, VA 22180-4602, http://www.msshq.com.

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TABLE 1 F	Fitting	Classes	for	WP	Grades
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Class	Construction	Nondestructive Examination
S	Seamless	None
W	Welded	Radiography or Ultrasonic
WX	Welded	Radiography
WU	Welded	Ultrasonic

2.4 ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code: ⁴ Section VIII Division I Section IX

2.5 AWS Standards: ⁶

- A 5.4 Specification for Corrosion-Resisting Chromium and Chromium-Nickel Steel Covered Welding Electrodes
- A 5.9 Specification for Corrosion-Resisting Chromium and Chromium-Nickel Steel Welding Rods and Bare Electrodes
- A 5.11 Specification for Nickel and Nickel-Alloy Welding Electrodes for Shielded Metal Arc Welding

A5.14 Specification for Nickel and Nickel-Alloy Bare Welding Rods and Electrodes

2.6 ASNT: 7

SNT-TC-1A (1984) Recommended Practice for Nondestructive Testing Personnel Qualification and Certification

3. Common Requirements and Ordering Information

3.1 Material furnished to this specification shall conform to the requirements of Specification A960/A960M including any supplementary requirements that are indicated in the purchase order. Failure to comply with the common requirements of Specification A960/A960M constitutes nonconformance with this specification. In case of conflict between this specification and Specification A960/A960M, this specification shall prevail.

3.2 Specification A960/A960M identifies the ordering information that should be complied with when purchasing material to this specification.

4. Material

4.1 The material for fittings shall consist of forgings, bars, plates, or seamless or welded tubular products that conform to the chemical requirements in Table 2. See Table 3 for a list of common names.

4.2 The steel shall be melted by one of the following processes:

4.2.1 Electric furnace (with separate degassing and refining optional),

4.2.2 Vacuum furnace, or

4.2.3 One of the former followed by vacuum or electroslagconsumable remelting.

4.3 If secondary melting is employed, the heat shall be defined as all ingots remelted from a primary heat.

4.4 *Grain Size*—Annealed Alloys UNS N08810 and UNS N08811 shall conform to an average grain size of ASTM No. 5 or coarser.

5. Manufacture

5.1 *Forming*—Forging or shaping operations may be performed by hammering, pressing, piercing, extruding, upsetting, rolling, bending, fusion welding, machining, or by a combination of two or more of these operations. The forming procedure shall be so applied that it will not produce injurious defects in the fittings.

5.2 All fittings shall be heat treated in accordance with Section 6.

5.3 Grade WP fittings ordered as Class S shall be of seamless construction and shall meet all requirements of ASME B16.9, ASME B16.11, MSS SP-79, MSS SP-83, MSS SP-95, or MSS SP-97.

5.4 Grade WP fittings ordered as Class W shall meet the requirements of ASME B16.9 and:

5.4.1 Shall have all pipe welds made by mill or the fitting manufacturer with the addition of filler metal radiographically examined throughout the entire length in accordance with the Code requirements stated in 5.5, and,

5.4.2 Radiographic inspection is not required on single longitudinal seam welds made by the starting pipe manufacturer if made without the addition of filler metal; and

5.4.3 Radiographic inspection is not required on longitudinal seam fusion welds made by the fitting manufacturer when all of the following conditions have been met:

5.4.3.1 No addition of filler metal,

5.4.3.2 Only one welding pass per weld seam, and,

5.4.3.3 Fusion welding from one side only.

5.4.4 In place of radiographic examination, welds made by the fitting manufacturer may be ultrasonically examined in accordance with the Code requirements stated in 5.6.

5.5 Grade WP fittings ordered as Class WX shall meet the requirements of ASME B16.9 and shall have all welds, whether made by the fitting manufacturer or the starting material manufacturer, radiographically examined throughout their entire length in accordance with Paragraph UW-51 of Section VIII, Division I, of the ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code.

5.6 Grade WP fittings ordered as Class WU shall meet the requirements of ASME B16.9 and shall have all welds, whether made by the fitting manufacturer or the starting material manufacturer, ultrasonically examined throughout their entire length in accordance with Appendix 12 of Section VIII, Division 1 of ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code.

5.7 The radiography or ultrasonic examination of welds for this class of fittings may be done at the option of the manufacturer, either prior to or after forming.

5.8 Personnel performing NDE examinations shall be qualified in accordance with SNT-TC-1A.

5.9 Grade CR fittings shall meet the requirements of MSS SP-43 and do not require nondestructive examination.

⁶ Available from American Welding Society (AWS), 550 NW LeJeune Rd., Miami, FL 33126, http://www.aws.org.

⁷ Available from American Society for Nondestructive Testing (ASNT), P.O. Box 28518, 1711 Arlingate Ln., Columbus, OH 43228-0518, http://www.asnt.org.

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Note 1.
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	Others	Ω	Cu 3.0-4.0 Cb 8XC min,	1.00 max	Cu 0.75 Cu0.50	Cb 8XC min Al 0.15-0.60	Cu 0.75 Fe 39.5 min AL 0.15-0.60	AU 0.13-0.00 Cu 0.75 Fe 30 5 min	AI 0.15-0.60	cu 0./5 Fe 39.5 min	Cu 1.0-2.0	Cu 0.8-1.5 Cu 0.5-1.5				•	:			Cu 0.50–1.00	Cu 1.00–2.50	W 1.50–2.50									•	Cu 2.8–4.0	Cu 4.0–5.0	:			Ce 0.05-0.10 AI 0.025
	NO	0.20-0.40	2		0.18-0.25	:		:	: :		0.10	0.15-0.25		:	·	0.10-	0.10-			0.18-	0.35-0.60		:		0.10-	0.16	0.10- 0.16	:	. 0	0.10-	0.20	0.15- 0.21	0.045	0.17– 0.22	:	:	:
	F	:	:		:	0.15-0.60	0.15_0.60	0.0-0-0	0.15-0.60		:			: .	:	:	:				:		:				•	:	:			:	:	:	ß	г	:
ition, %	Mo	1.50–3.00	2.00–3.00		6.0–7.0 4.3–5.0	-			:		4.0-5.0	6.0-7.0 6.0-7.0		:	:	:	:	:		6.0-6.5	5.2-6.2		2 00-3 00	2.00-3.00	2.00-3.00		2.00–3.00	3.0-4.0	3.0-4.0	4.0-5.0 4.0-5.0		3.8-4.5	3.0-4.0	5.0-6.0	:	:	:
Compos	ò	20.5-23.5	19.0–21.0		20.0–22.0 19.0–23.0	19.0–23.0	10.0-23.0	0.0-20.0	19.0–23.0		19.0-23.0	19.0–21.0 19.0–21.0	18.0-20.0	18.0–20.0	18.0-20.0	10.0-20.0	18.0–20.0	22.0-24.0	24.0-26.0	19.5–20.5	23.00-25.00		16.0-18.0	16.0-18.0	16.0-18.0		16.0–18.0	18.0-20.0	18.0-20.0	17.0-20.0		17.5–19.0	17.0-19.0	22.0–24.0	17.0-19.0	17.0–19.0	26.0–28.0
	īz	11.5-13.5	32.0–38.0		23.5–25.5 24.0–26.0	30.0–35.0	30.0-36.0	0.00-0.00	30.0–35.0		23.0-28.0	24.0-26.0 24.0-26.0	8.0-11.0	8.0-12.0	8.0-11.0	0.11-0.8	8.0-11.0	12.0-15.0	19.0-22.0	17.5–18.5	21.00-24.00		10.0-14.0 10.0-14.0 ^F	10.0-14.0	10.0-13.0		10.0–13.0	11.0-15.0	11.0-15.0	13.5-17.5		14.5–16.5	15.0-16.5	24.0-26.0	9.0-12.0	9.0-12.0	31.0–33.0
	Si ^B	1.00	1.00		1.00 1.00	1.00	6	00.1	1.00		1.00	0.50	1.00	1.00	1.00	00.1	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.80	1.00	6	0.1	1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00	1.00	00.1	2	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0:30
	S ^B	0.030	0.035		0.030 0.030	0.015	0.015	0.0	0.015		0.035	0.030	0.030	0.030	0.030	0.030	0.030	0.030	0.030	0.010	0.020		0.030	0.030	0.030		0.030	0.030	0.030	0.030	0000	0.030	0.010	0.010	0.030	0.030	0.015
	Ъ ^в	0.045	0.045		0.040 0.040	0.045	0.045	0.40.0	0.040		0.045	0.030 0.030	0.045	0.045	0.045	0.040	0.045	0.045	0.045	0.030	0 0.035	0.045	0.045	0.045	0.045		0.045	0.045	0.045	0.045	2	0.030	0.040	0.030	0.045	0.045	0.020
	Mn ^B	4.0-6.0	2.00		2.00 2.00	1.50	1	00.1	1.50		2.00	2.00 2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	1.00	2.00-4.0		00.2	2.00	2.00		2.00	2.00	2.00	00.2	2	1.00	2.00	1.00	2.00	2.00	1.00
	- C ^B	0.06	0.07		0.030 0.04	0.10	0.050.10		0.06- 0.10		0.020	0.020 0.020	0.08	0.030 ^E	0.04-0.10	0.00	0.030	0.20	0.08	0.020	0.030		0.00 0.030 ^E	0.04-0.10	0.08		0.030	0.08	0.030	0.030	0000	0.030	0.030	0.030	0.08	0.04-0.10	0.04-0.08
	UNS Des ignation	S20910	N08020		N08367 N08700	N08800		010000	N08811		N08904	008926 N08926	S30400	S30403	S30409	104000	S30453	S30900	S31008	S31254	S31266	001600	S31603	S31609	S31651		S31653	S31700	S31703	S31726	2	S31727	S31730	S32053	S32100	S32109	S33228
rade ⁴	Grade CR	CRXM-19	CR20CB		CR6XN CR700	CRNIC			CRNIC11		CR904L	CH1925 CR1925N	CR304	CR304L	CR304H	CH304N	CR304LN	CR309	CR310S	CRS31254	CRS31266		CB3161	CR316H	CR316N		CR316LN	CR317	CR317L	CRS31726		CRS31727	CRS31730	CRS32053	CR321	CR321H	CRS33228
Ū	Grade WP	WPXM-19	WP20CB		WP6XN WP700	WPNIC			WPNIC11		WP904L	WP1925 WP1925N	WP304	WP304L	WP304H		WP304LN	WP309	WP310S	WPS31254	WPS31266	010016	WP316I	WP316H	WP316N		WP316LN	WP317	WP317L	WPS31726		WPS31727	WPS31730	WPS32053	WP321	WP321H	WPS33228

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Ū	ade ⁴								Composit	tion, %				1
Grade WP	Grade CR	UNS Des- ignation	- C ^B	Mn ^B	Ρ ^B	S ^B	Si ^B	ïZ	ò	Mo	μ	NC	Others	1
WPS34565	CRS34565	S34565	0.030	5.0-7.0	0.030	0.010	1.00	16.0–18.0	23.0-25.0	4.0-5.0	:	0.40-	Cb 0.6–1.0 Cb 0.10	
WP347	CB347	S34700	0.08	2,00	0.045	0.030	1.00	0-12.0	17.0-19.0			0.60	1	
WP347H	CR347H	S34709	0.04-0.10	2.00	0.045	0.030	1.00	9.0-12.0	17.0-19.0				٢	
WP347LN	CR347LN	S34751	0.005– 0.020	2.00	0.045	0.030	1.00	9.0–13.0	17.0–19.0	:	:	:	Cb 0.20–0.50, ^K N 0.06–0.10 ^C	
WP348	CR348	S34800	0.08	2.00	0.045	0.030	1.00	9.0–12.0	17.0–19.0	:	:	:	Cb+Ta=10×(C)-1.10 Ta 0.10	
WP348H	CR348H	S34809	0.04-0.10	2.00	0.045	0.030	1.00	9.0–12.0	17.0–19.0			:	Co 0.20 Cb+Ta=8×(C)-1.10 Ta 0.10	
WPS38815	CRS38815	S38815	0.030	2.00	0.040	0.020	5.5-6.5	15.0-17.0	13.0-15.0	0.75-1.50	÷	:	Co 0.20 Cu 0.75-1.50 Al 0.30	
^A See Sectior ^B Maximum, t ^C The methoo	15 for marking inless otherwise of analysis for	 requiremer indicated. nitrogen sh. 	nts. all be a matt	er of agreei	ment betv	veen the	purchase	er and manufa	acturer.					

TABLE 2 Continued

⁶ Commission 0.10–0.30 %, Variadium, 0.10–16.0 %, For knowing passes are required, a carbon no.049 in. [1.24 mm] in average wall thickness. ⁶ Ch pierced tubing, the nickel may be 11.0–16.0 %, Variadium, 1.00 %, Variadium, 0.50 max. ⁴ 4X(C+N) min–0.70 max. ⁷ The columbium content shall be not less than the times the carbon content and not more than 1.10 %. ⁶ The columbium content shall be not less than eight times the carbon content and not more than 1.10 %. ⁶ The columbium content shall be not less than 15 times the carbon content.

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TABLE 3 Common Names

Grade WP ^A	Grade CR ^A	UNS Designation	Туре ^в
WPXM-19	CRXM-19	S20910	XM-19 ^C
WP20CB	CR20CB	N08020	
WP6XN	CR6XN	N08367	
WP700	CR700	N08700	
WPNIC	CRNIC	N08800	800 ^C
WPNIC10	CRNIC10	N08810	800H ^C
WPNIC11	CRNIC11	N08811	
WP904L	CR904L	N08904	904L ^C
WP1925	CR1925	N08925	
WP1925N	CR1925N	N08926	
WP304	CR304	S30400	304
WP304L	CR304L	S30403	304L
WP304H	CR304H	S30409	304H
WP304N	CR304N	S30451	304N
WP304LN	CR304LN	S30453	304LN
WP309	CR309	S30900	309
WP310S	CR310S	S31008	310S
WPS31254	CRS31254	S31254	
WPS31266	CRS31266	S31266	
WP316	CR316	S31600	316
WP316L	CR316L	S31603	316L
WP316H	CR316H	S31609	316H
WP316N	CR316N	S31651	316N
WP316LN	CR316LN	S31653	316LN
WP317	CR317	S31700	317
WP317L	CR317L	S31703	317L
WPS31725	CRS31725	S31725	317LM ^C
WPS31726	CRS31726	S31726	317LMN ^C
WPS31727	CRS31727	S31727	
WPS31730	CRS31730	S31730	
WPS32053	CRS32053	S32053	
WP321	CR321	S32100	321
WP321H	CR321H	S32109	321H
WPS33228	CRS33228	S33228	
WPS34565	CRS34565	S34565	
WP347	CR347	S34700	347
WP347H	CR347H	S34709	347H
WP347LN	CR347LN	S34751	347LN
WP348	CR348	S34800	348
WP348H	CR348H	S34809	348H
WPS38815	CRS38815	S38815	

^A Naming system developed and applied by ASTM International.

^{*B*} Unless otherwise indicated, a grade designation originally assigned by the American Iron and Steel Institute (AISI).

 $^{\ensuremath{\mathcal{C}}}$ Common name, not a trademark widely used, not associated with any one producer.

5.10 All fittings shall have the welders, welding operators, and welding procedures qualified under the provisions of Section IX of the ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code except that starting pipe welds made without the addition of filler metal do not require such qualification.

5.11 All joints welded with filler metal shall be finished in accordance with the requirements of Paragraph UW-35 (a) of Section VIII, Division I, of the ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code.

5.12 Fittings machined from bar shall be restricted to NPS 4 or smaller. Elbows, return bends, tees, and header tees shall not be machined directly from bar stock.

5.12.1 All caps machined from bar shall be examined by liquid penetrant in accordance with Supplementary Requirement S52 in Specification A960/A960M.

5.13 Weld buildup is permitted to dimensionally correct unfilled areas produced during cold forming of stub ends.

Radiographic examination of the weld buildup shall not be required provided that all the following steps are adhered to:

5.13.1 The weld procedure and welders or welding operators meet the requirements of 5.10.

5.13.2 Annealing is performed after welding and prior to machining.

5.13.3 All weld surfaces are liquid penetrant examined in accordance with Appendix 8 of Section VIII, Division 1 of the ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code.

5.13.4 Repair of areas in the weld is permitted, but 5.13.1, 5.13.2, and 5.13.3 must be repeated.

5.14 Stub ends may be produced with the entire lap added as weld metal to a straight pipe section provided the welding satisfies the requirements of 5.10 for qualifications and Section 6 for post weld heat treatment.

5.14.1 *Grade WP Class W*—Radiographic inspection of the weld is required. See 5.4.

5.14.2 *Grade WP Class WX*—Radiographic inspection of all welds is required. See 5.5.

5.14.3 *Grade WP Class WU*—Ultrasonic inspection of all welds is required. See 5.6.

5.14.4 *Grade CR*—Nondestructive examination is not required. See 5.12.1.

5.15 Stub ends may be produced with the entire lap added by the welding of a ring, made from plate or bar of the same alloy grade and composition, to the outside of a straight section of pipe, provided the weld is double welded, is a full penetration joint, satisfies the requirements of 5.10 for qualifications and Section 6 for post weld heat treatment.

5.15.1 *Grade WP Class W*—Radiographic inspection of the welds, made with the addition of filler metal, is required (see 5.4).

5.15.2 *Grade WP Class WX*—Radiographic inspection of all welds, made with or without the addition of filler metal, is required (see 5.5).

5.15.3 *Grade WP Class WU*—Ultrasonic inspection of all welds, made with or without the addition of filler metal, is required (see 5.6).

5.15.4 Grade CR nondestructive examination is not required (see 5.9).

5.16 After final heat treatment, all "H-Grade" steel fittings shall have a grain size of 7 or coarser in accordance with Test Methods E112.

6. Heat Treatment

6.1 All fittings shall be furnished in the heat-treated condition. For H grades, separate solution heat treatments are required for solution annealing; in-process heat treatments are not permitted as a substitute for the separate solution annealing treatments. The heat-treat procedure, except for those grades listed in 6.2, shall consist of solution annealing the fittings at the temperatures listed for each grade in Table 4 until the chromium carbides go into solution, and then cooling at a sufficient rate to prevent reprecipitation.

6.2 A solution annealing temperature above 1950 °F [1065 °C] may impair the resistance to intergranular corrosion after subsequent exposure to sensitizing conditions in 321, 321H,

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TABLE 4 Heat Treatment

Grade	Grade	UNS Designation	Solution Anneal	Quench Media
WP ^A	CR ^A	erte Beergrader	Temperature, min °F [°C] ^B	
WPXM-19	CRXM-19	S20910	1900 [1040]	water or other rapid cool
WP20CB	CR20CB	N08020	1700-1850	water or other rapid cool
			[927–1010]	
WP6XN	CR6XN	N08367	2025 [1107]	water or other rapid cool
WP700	CR700	N08700	2025-2100	water or other rapid cool
			[1107–1150]	
WPNIC	CRNIC	N08800	1800–1900	water or other rapid cool
			[983–1038] ^C	
WPNIC10	CRNIC10	N08810	2100-2150	water or other rapid cool
			[1147–1177] ^C	
WPNIC11	CRNIC11	N08811	2100–2150	water or other rapid cool
			[1147–1177] ^C	
WP904L	CR904L	N08904	1985–2100	water or other rapid cool
			[1085–1150]	
WP1925	CR1925	N08925	1800–1900	water or other rapid cool
			[983–1038]	
WP1925N	CR1925N	N08926	2150 [1177]	water or other rapid cool
WP304	CR304	S30400	1900 [1040]	water or other rapid cool
WP304L	CR304L	S30403	1900 [1040]	water or other rapid cool
WP304H	CR304H	S30409	1900 [1040]	water or other rapid cool
WP304N	CR304N	S30451	1900 [1040]	water or other rapid cool
WP304LN	CR304LN	S30453	1900 [1040]	water or other rapid cool
WP309	CR309	S30900	1900 [1040]	water or other rapid cool
WP310S	CR310S	S31008	1900 [1040]	water or other rapid cool
WPS31254	CR31254	S31254	2100 [1150]	water or other rapid cool
WPS31266	CRS31266	S31266	2100 [1150]	water or other rapid cool
WP316	CR316	S31600	1900 [1040]	water or other rapid cool
WP316L	CR316L	S31603	1900 [1040]	water or other rapid cool
WP316H	CR316H	S31609	1900 [1040]	water or other rapid cool
WP316N	CR316N	S31651	1900 [1040]	water or other rapid cool
WP316LN	CR316LN	\$31653	1900 [1040]	water or other rapid cool
WP317	CR317	\$31700	1900 [1040]	water or other rapid cool
WP317L	CR317L	\$31703	1900 [1040]	water or other rapid cool
WPS31725	CR531725	S31725	1900 [1040]	water or other rapid cool
WPS31726	CR531726	S31726	1900 [1040]	water or other rapid cool
WP531727	CR531727	531727	[1090_1190]	water of other rapid cool
W/DS21720	CPS21720	\$21720	1000 [1040]	water or other rapid cool
WPS31730	CR331730	S31730 S20052	1075_0155	water or other rapid cool
WF 332033	01332033	332033	[1080_1180]	water of other rapid coor
W/P321	CB321	\$32100	1900 [1040]	water or other rapid cool
WP321H	CB321H	S32100	1900 [1040]	water or other rapid cool
W/PS33228	CR\$33228	\$33228	2050-2160	water or other rapid cool
W1 000220	011000220	000220	[1120-1180]	
WPS34565	CBS34565	\$34565	2050-2140	water or other rapid cool
		001000	[1120-1170]	
WP347	CB347	\$34700	1900 [1040]	water or other rapid cool
WP347H	CB347H	S34709	1925 [1050]	water or other rapid cool
WP347LN	CR347I N	S34751	1900 [1040]	water or other rapid cool
WP348	CR348	S34800	1900 [1040]	water or other rapid cool
WP348H	CR348H	S34809	1925 [1050]	water or other rapid cool
WPS38815	CRS38815	S38815	1950 [1065]	water or other rapid cool

^ANaming system developed and applied by ASTM International.

^BWhere a range of temperature is not listed, the single value shown shall be the minimum required temperature.

^cHeat Treatment is highly dependent on intended service temperature; consult material manufacturer for specific heat treatments for end use temperature.

347, and 347H. When specified by the purchaser a lower temperature stabilizing treatment or a second solution anneal shall be used subsequent to the initial high-temperature solution anneal (see Supplementary Requirement S2).

6.3 All welding shall be done prior to heat treatment.

6.4 Fittings machined directly from solution-annealed forgings and bar stock need not be annealed again.

7. Chemical Composition

7.1 The chemical composition of each cast or heat used shall be determined and shall conform to the requirements of the chemical composition for the respective grades of materials listed in Table 2. The ranges as shown have been expanded to include variations of the chemical analysis requirements that are listed in the various specifications for starting materials

(pipe, tube, plate, bar, and forgings) normally used in the manufacturing of fittings to this specification. Methods and practices relating to chemical analyses required by this specification shall be in accordance with Test Methods, Practices, and Terminology A751. Product analysis tolerances in accordance with Specification A960/A960M are applicable.

7.2 The steel shall not contain any unspecified elements for the ordered grade to the extent that it conforms to the requirements of another grade for which that element is a specified element having a required minimum content.

7.3 In fittings of welded construction, the alloy content (carbon, chromium, nickel, molybdenum, columbium, and tantalum) of the deposited weld metal shall conform to that required of the base metal or for equivalent weld metal as given in the AWS filler metal specification A 5.4 or A 5.9 (Type 348 weld metal is listed in AWS A 5.9 but not in AWS A 5.4). Exceptions are when welding on Types 304L and 304 base metals, the deposited weld metal shall correspond, respectively, to AWS E308L(ER308L) and E308 (ER308), when welding on Type 321 base metal, the weld metal shall correspond to AWS Type E347 (ER347 or ER321); and, when welding on \$31725, \$31726, \$31254, \$31266, or \$33228 deposited weld metal shall correspond either to the alloy content of the base metal or to AWS A5.11 E NiCrMo·3 (UNS W86112) (AWS A5.14 Ni Cr Mo·3 (UNS N06625)), and when welding on S31730, deposited weld metal and filler metal used shall correspond either to the alloy content of the base metal or to AWS A5.14 ERNiCr-3 (UNS N06082), or ERNiCrMo-3 (UNS N06625), or ERNiCrMo-4 (UNS N10276). On S38815 base metals, the deposited weld metal and filler metal used shall be agreed upon between purchaser and manufacturer. In fittings of welded construction made from predominantly ferrous alloys N08020, N08367, N08700, N08800, N08810, N08811, N08904, N08925 & N08926, the alloy content of the deposited weld metal shall conform to that required of the base metal or for the equivalent weld metal given in the AWS Filler Metal Specification A5.11 and A5.14. However, it is possible that weld deposit chemistry will not meet the limits of either the base metal or the filler metal for some elements. The weld deposit chemistry shall meet the lowest minimum and highest maximum values for each specification element in either of the base metal or filler metal specification. Dilution of the base and filler metal must be considered when determining weld deposit criteria for over-alloyed filler metals.

7.3.1 Supplementary Requirement S1 may be specified where 16-8-2 filler metal is required for joining thick sections of Types 316, 321, or 347 and has adequate corrosion resistance for the intended service.

8. Tensile Properties

8.1 The tensile properties of the fitting material shall conform to the requirements of Table 5. The testing and reporting shall be performed in accordance with Specification A960/ A960M.

8.1.1 Specimens cut either longitudinally or transversely shall be acceptable for the tensile test.

8.1.2 While Table 5 specifies elongation requirements for both longitudinal and transverse specimens, it is not the intent

TABLE 5 Te	nsile Rec	uirements
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All WP and CB Grades	Yield Strength, min,	Tensile Strength, min,
	ksi [MPa]	ksi [MPa]
304, 304LN, 304H, 309,	30 [205]	75 [515]
310S, 316, 316LN, 316H,		
317, 317L,		
347, 347H, 347LN, 348,		
348H		
321, 321H		
Seamless (A312 tubular):		
$t \le 3\%$ in.	30 [205]	75 [515]
t > ¾ in.	25 [170]	70 [485]
All other fitting classes:	30 [205]	75 [515]
S31266	61 [420]	109 [750]
S31725		
S31727	36 [245]	80 [550]
S31730	25 [175]	70 [480]
S32053	43 [295]	93 [640]
304L, 316L	25 [170]	70 [485]
304N, 316N, S31726	35 [240]	80 [550]
XM-19	55 [380]	100 [690]
N08020	35 [240]	80 [550]
N08367	45 [310]	95 [655]
N08700	35[240]	80[550]
N08800	25 [205]	65 [520]
N08810	25 [170]	65 [450]
N08811	25 [170]	65 [450]
N08904	31 [220]	71 [490]
N08925	43[295]	87 [600]
N08926	43 [295]	94 [650]
S31254	44 [300]	94 [650] to 119 [820]
S33228	27 [185]	73 [500]
S34565	60 [415]	115 [795]
S38815	37 [255]	78 [540]
Elon	gation Requirements	
	Longitudinal	Transverse
Standard round specimen, or sr	nall 28	20
proportional specimen, or		
strip- type specimen, minimum	۱ %	
in 4 <i>D</i> ⁴		
A COOOTE Elemention in O in	00.0/	

⁴ S38815 Elongation in 2 in. — 30 % min.

that both requirements apply simultaneously. Instead, it is intended that only the elongation requirement that is appropriate for the specimen used be applicable.

8.2 Records of the tension test made on the starting material shall be certification that the material of the fitting meets the requirements of this specification provided that heat treatments are the same.

8.3 If the raw material was not tested, or if the heat treatment of the raw material was different than the heat treatment of the fitting, the fitting manufacturer shall perform at least one tension test per heat on material representative of the fitting, and in the same condition of heat treatment as the fitting it represents. Qualification of welding procedures shall be in accordance with 5.8.

8.4 If a tension test through the weld is desired, Supplementary Requirement S51 in Specification A960/A960M should be specified.

9. Hydrostatic Tests

9.1 Hydrostatic testing is not required by this specification.

9.2 All Grade WP fittings shall be capable of withstanding without failure, leakage, or impairment of serviceability, a test

pressure equal to that prescribed for the specified matching pipe or equivalent material.

9.3 All Grade CR fittings, except tees covered in 9.3.1, shall be capable of withstanding without failure, leakage, or impairment of serviceability, a test pressure based on the ratings in MSS SP-43.

9.3.1 Grade CR tees fabricated using intersection welds shall be capable of passing a hydrostatic test based on 70 % of the ratings in MSS SP-43.

10. Surface Finish, Appearance, and Corrosion Protection

10.1 The requirements of Specification A960/A960M apply except as modified as follows:

10.2 Fittings supplied under this specification shall be examined visually. Selected typical surface discontinuities shall be explored for depth. The fittings shall be free from surface discontinuities that penetrate more than 5% of the specified nominal wall thickness, except as defined in 10.4 and 10.5, and shall have a workmanlike finish.

10.3 Surface discontinuities deeper than 5 % of the specified nominal wall thickness, except as defined in 10.4 and 10.5, shall be removed by the manufacturer by machining or grinding to sound metal, and the repaired areas shall be well faired. The wall thickness at all points shall be at least $87\frac{1}{2}$ % of the specified nominal wall thickness, and the diameters at all points shall be within the specified limits.

10.4 Surface checks (fish scale) deeper than $^{1}\!\!/\!_{64}$ in. [0.4 mm] shall be removed.

10.5 Mechanical marks deeper than $\frac{1}{16}$ in. [1.6 mm] shall be removed.

10.6 When the removal of a surface discontinuity reduces the wall thickness below $87\frac{1}{2}$ % of the specified nominal wall thickness at any point, the fitting shall be subject to rejection or to repair as provided in 11.

11. Repair by Welding

11.1 Repair of unacceptable imperfections in the base metal is permissible for fittings made to the dimensional standards listed in 1.1 or for other standard fittings made for stock by the manufacturer. Prior approval of the purchaser is required to repair special fittings made to the purchaser's requirements. Welding of unacceptable imperfections in no case shall be permitted when the depth of defect exceeds $33\frac{1}{3}$ % of the nominal wall thickness or the defect area exceeds 10 % of the surface area of the fitting.

11.2 The welding procedure and welders shall be qualified in accordance with Section IX of the ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code.

11.3 The composition of the weld deposits shall be in accordance with 7.3 and in accordance with the procedure qualification for the applicable material.

11.4 Unacceptable imperfections shall be removed by mechanical means or by thermal cutting or gouging methods. Cavities prepared for welding shall be examined with liquid penetrant in accordance with Practice E165. No cracks are permitted in the prepared cavities. Personnel performing NDE examinations shall be qualified in accordance with SNT-TC-1A

11.5 The weld repair shall be permanently identified with the welder's stamp or symbol in accordance with Section VIII of the ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code.

11.6 Weld repair area(s) shall be blended uniformly to the base metal and shall be examined by liquid penetrant in accordance with Practice E165. No cracks are permitted in the weld or surrounding $\frac{1}{2}$ in. [12.7 mm] of base metal. Personnel performing NDE examinations shall be qualified in accordance with SNT-TC-1A.

11.7 After weld repair, material shall be heat treated in accordance with Section 6.

11.8 The fittings shall be free of scale and shall be passivated.

12. Dimensions

12.1 For fittings covered by ASME B16.9, ASME B16.11, MSS SP-43, MSS SP-79, MSS SP-83, MSS SP-95, or MSS SP-97, the sizes, shapes, and dimensions of the fittings shall be as specified in those standards.

12.1.1 Fittings of size or shape differing from these standards, but meeting all other requirements of this specification, may be furnished in accordance with Supplementary Requirement S58 Specification A960/A960M.

13. Rejection and Rehearing

13.1 Material that fails to conform to the requirements of this specification may be rejected. Rejection should be reported to the producer or supplier promptly and in writing. In case of dissatisfaction with the results of the tests, the producer or supplier may make claim for rehearing.

13.2 Fittings that develop defects in shop working or application operations may be rejected. Upon rejection, the manufacturer shall be notified promptly in writing.

14. Certification

14.1 Test reports are required for all fittings covered by this specification. Each test report shall meet the requirements for certification in Specification A960/A960M as well as include the following information specific to this specification:

14.1.1 Chemical analyses results for all starting materials, Section 7 (Table 2), reported results shall be to the same number of significant figures as the limits specified in Table 2 for that element,

14.1.2 Tensile property results of all starting materials, Section 8 (Table 5), report the yield strength and the tensile strength in ksi [MPa] and elongation in percent,

14.1.3 For construction with filler metal added, weld metal chemical analysis,

14.1.4 For welded fittings, construction method, weld process and procedure specification number,

14.1.5 Type heat treatment, Section 6 (Table 4),

14.1.6 Results of all nondestructive examinations, and

14.1.7 Any supplementary testing required by the purchase order.

15. Product Marking

15.1 In addition to marking requirements of Specification A960/A960M, the following additional marking requirements shall apply:

15.1.1 All fittings shall have the prescribed information stamped or otherwise suitably marked on each fitting. See Table 6 for marking examples of grades and classes.

15.1.2 Marking paint or ink shall not contain harmful amounts of chlorides, metals, or metallic salt, such as zinc or copper, that cause corrosive attack on heating. On wall thicknesses thinner than 0.083 in. [2.1 mm], no metal impression stamps shall be used. Vibrating pencil marking is acceptable.

TABLE 6 Product Marking Examples for Grades and Classes

Grade and Class Marking	Description
CR304	Single grade: No classes in CR grades
CR304/304L	Multiple grades, meet chemical and
	mechanical properties of each
WP304-S	Single Grade: seamless
WP304-W	Single Grade; welded : RT or UT pipe
	welds with filler metal and all fitting
	manufacturer's welds
WP304-WX	Single grade: welded: RT all welds with
	or without filler metal
WP304-WU	Single grade; welded: UT all welds with
	or without filler metal
WP304-304L-S	Multiple grades: meet chemical and
	mechanical properties of each:
	seamless

15.1.3 Threaded or socket-welding fittings shall be additionally marked with the pressure class. Plugs and bushings furnished to ASME B16.11 requirements are not required to be marked. The class S marking need not be added to the material grade for threaded or socket-welded fittings.

15.1.4 When agreed upon between the purchaser and producer, and specified in the order, the markings shall be painted or stenciled on the fitting or stamped on a metal or plastic tag which shall be securely attached to the fitting.

15.1.5 Fittings meeting the chemical and mechanical property requirements of Table 2 and Table 5 for more than one grade designation may be marked with more than one class or grade designation, such as WP304/304H; WP304/304L; WP304/304L/304N, WP316/316L, etc.

15.2 *Bar Coding*—In addition to the requirements in 15.1, bar coding is acceptable as a supplemental identification method. The purchaser may specify in the order a specific bar coding system to be used. The bar coding system, if applied at the discretion of the supplier, should be consistent with one of the published industry standards for bar coding. If used on small fittings, the bar code may be applied to the box or a substantially applied tag.

16. Keywords

16.1 austenitic stainless steel; corrosive service applications; pipe fittings; steel; piping applications; pressure containing parts; stainless steel fittings

SUPPLEMENTARY REQUIREMENTS

One or more of the supplementary requirements described below or appearing in Specification A960/A960M may be included in the order or contract. When so included, a supplementary requirement shall have the same force as if it were in the body of the specification. Supplementary requirement details not fully described shall be agreed upon between the purchaser and the supplier.

S1. Special Filler Metal

S1.1 Filler metal shall be AWS Type E16-8-2 or ER 16-8-2 (AWS Specifications A 5.4 and A 5.9, respectively). Fittings welded with 16-8-2 weld metal shall be marked WP ____ HRW or CR ____ HRW, as appropriate.

S2. Stabilizing Treatment

S2.1 Subsequent to the solution anneal required by 6.2, Grades 321, 321H, 347, 347H, 348, and 348H shall be given a stabilizing treatment at 1500 to 1600 $^{\circ}$ F [815 to 870 $^{\circ}$ C] for a

minimum of 2h/in. [4.7 min/mm] of thickness and then cooling in the furnace or in air. In addition to the marking required in Section 15, the grade designation symbol shall be followed by the symbol "S2."



SUMMARY OF CHANGES

Committee A01 has identified the location of selected changes to this specification since the last issue, A403/A403M-15, that may impact the use of this specification. (Approved May 1, 2016)

(1) Revised Ni range for S38815 in Table 2.(2) Revised 6.2, 6.4, and S2 to a stabilizing treatment and

eliminated the use of resolution.

Committee A01 has identified the location of selected changes to this specification since the last issue, A403/A403M-14, that may impact the use of this specification. (Approved May 1, 2015)

(1) Added alloy S31266 to Table 2, Table 3, Table 4, Table 5, and 7.3.

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